National Research University Higher School of Economics Advisory Board on Scientific Research Meeting on the16th November 2019

International Laboratory for Population and Health

 $= G_0(\mathbf{M}^{(1)}) - G_0 = \frac{\theta_0}{\boldsymbol{e}_0} - \frac{\theta_{0,1}' + \theta_1(\boldsymbol{I}_1')}{\boldsymbol{e}_{0,1}' + \boldsymbol{e}_1\boldsymbol{I}_1'}$



Vladimir M. Shkolnikov Academic Supervisor









Background

Center for Demographic Research, New Economic School: 2011-2016

Grant of the Dynasty Foundation for establishing a modern demographic center in Russia (June 2011). *Motivation:*

- Shortage of publications in international peer-reviewed journals. Deficit of evidence-based research going beyond descriptive analysis.
- Low share of methodological studies
- Absence of continuous and long-term for Russia and its regions.



Motivation – the same as previously PLUS:

- Greater emphasis on capacity building
- Specific quantitative requirements on outcomes such as publications, lectures, seminars etc.
- MINUS the database priority







Our staff







Andreev, Evgeny M. Laboratory Head







Shchur, Aleksei Research Assistant

Gents



Shkolnikov, Vladimir Academic Supervisor



Tursun-zade, Rustam **Research Assistant**



Females

40%

Papanova, Elena

Junior Research Fellow

Males

60%

	Mean	Min	Max	St.D.
Google Scholar				
h-index	12.3	0.0	54.0	18.3

Currently: 9 people (8 full-time positions): 5 researchers, 1 junior researcher, 2 trainees, 1 manager.

Danilova, Inna

Research Fellow













Sokolova, Vera Manager



- Papers in international peer-reviewed journals (Q1/Q2 WoS):
 15 published (incl. **2** commentaries) + **4** submitted
- Chapters in international monographs: **1** published and **1** in press
- Other international papers: **1** published (Q4 WoS)
- Papers in Russian journals: **12** published
- International scientific conferences and workshops held by the laboratory at HSE: 3
- Presentations given at scientific conferences including major demographic conferences of the International Union for Scientific Study of Population (IUSSP) and the Population Association of America (PAA): **39** abroad, **41** in Russia



Methods of measurement and decomposition in demography

- A new method of contour decomposition allows one to decompose a difference in between two populations in any aggregate measure according to the impacts of initial difference and trend. Applied to data from England and Wales and 22 other high-income countries.
- Modification of the stepwise replacement algorithm allows one to assess components of convergence/divergence in life expectancy across regions. Applied to Russian data.
- Models of the cancer morbidity and survival as a population process provide estimates survival and prevalence as well as their changes across time. Applied to Russian data.

Objective measurement of people's health

- Assessment of handgrip strength, atrial fibrillation, ventricular arrhythmia and their impacts on mortality and life expectancy gender gap. On Russian data.
- Adjustment of self-perceived health for the reporting bias and re-assessment of the health gap between men and women. On data from EU countries.



Determinants of cardiovascular and all-cause mortality in Russia

(in collaboration with the London School of Hygiene and Tropical Medicine)

- Estimates of geographical inequalities in access times for acute treatment of myocardial infarction in Russia.
- Changes in the prevalence of smoking and hypertension. Based on the unique data collection of 20 epidemiological surveys conducted in Russia.
- Changes in the association between life expectancy and fatal alcohol poisonings in Russia.

Spatial inequalities in health

- Estimates of the Russian mortality and life expectancy at a district-level; re-assessment of spatial disparity.
- Detailed investigations on low mortality in Moscow.
- Relationship between life expectancy and type of settlements, geographic region, education, and income.



Correspondence between health and income

- The gap between the observed and expected (from per capita GDP) values of life expectancy in Russia and Moscow.
- Associations between life expectancy and per-capita-GDP across regions of Russia.

Family and fertility patterns in Russia and post-soviet countries

- Association between intensions for union dissolution and union break-up among women and men in Russia
- Union dissolution patterns across female cohorts in 1945-2010 in Russia
- Partnership context of the first births in Russia

Quality of demographic statistics

- Mortality understatement at old ages in Russia and Moscow.
- Inconsistency in the cause-of-death registration among regions in Russia, USA, Germany, and France.



2005-15: a cross-sectional analysis

Selected studies



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1980

1990

2000



Selected studies (2)

International Journal ofIF=7.3Epidemiologyplace=8/167

Timonin S., Kontsevaya A., McKee M., Leon D. 2018. Reducing geographic inequalities in access times for acute treatment of myocardial infarction in a large country: the example of Russia

Epidemiology & Community Health

IF=3.9 place=10/167

Timonin S., Jasilionis D., Shkolnikov V.M., Andreev E.M. 2019. New perspective on geographical mortality divide in Russia: a district-level cross-sectional analysis., 2008-12







V.M.Shkolnikov International Laboratory for Population and Health, HSE, Moscow, November 16, 2019



Capacity building in numbers: 2017-19

- Younger colleagues under age 35 constitute **70%** of our staff members
- HSE-Ph.D. dissertations: 1 defended, 1 pre-defended (defense in Jan-Feb 2020), 2 theses in preparation.
- Training courses taken by younger colleagues: **10**
- Stays at leading research centers by younger colleagues : 5
- Autumn School "Demographic Methods in Public Health Research":
 24 participants (11 from Russia and 13 from 9 foreign countries)
- Hours of teaching: **589** in **8** master-level programs
- Scientific conferences held at HSE: 3
- Seminar "Modern demography": 17 lectures given by researchers from: Russia (6) and abroad (11) incl. USA, UK, Lithuania, Germany, Australia, the Netherlands.



HSE-Ph.D. studies



Inna Danilova Regional analysis of mortality by causes of death in Russia. Ph.D.-HSE defended in December 2018



Elena Papanova Old-age mortality in Moscow. Ph.D.-HSE pre-defended in October 2018. Defense – Jan-Feb 2020.



Rustam Tursun-zade Cancer morbidity and survival as a population process in Russia. 3rd year of doctorate (currently studies at the European Doctoral School of Demography)



Alexey Schur Central-peripheral differences in epidemiological models of mortality in Russia. 2nd year of doctorate.









International Autumn school Demographic methods in public health research





Ten one-day cycles. Every cycle is given by one (or two) **instructors** (11) from HSE University, Max Planck Institute for Demographic Research, French National Institute for Demographic Studies, London School of Hygiene and Tropical Medicine, Austrian Institute for Economic Research (WIFO).

Participants (24) from Russia, Brazil, Ceschia, Finland, Germany, Guatemala, Italy, Nigeria, UK, USA

Themes

Data and Data Use °Methods for studying longevity and survival at advanced ages °Methods of decomposition °Methods for studying health inequalities °Design and methods of the Study on Cardiovascular Disease in Russia °Gender differences in mortality and survival and the "male-female health-survival paradox" °Geography of mortality and health °Mortality converge-divergence and gender differences °Micro-simulation models in demography °Methods for studying the Russian mortality phenomenon



Seminar series Modern Demography

17 presentations given by the population-science researchers conducting important methodological and substantive studies:

A.Vishnevsky, E.Andreev, A.Nemtsov, R.McCaa, G.Smailite, D.Jasilionis, V.Merabishvili,

D.A.Leon, I.Danilova, V.M.Shkolnikov, A.I.Yashin, M.Lerch, V.Canudas-Romo, D.A.Jdanov, J.Mackenbach, P.Grigoriev

Johan Mackenbach "Health inequalities in Europe: why so persistent?" 24.04.2019 Evgeny Andreev "Demographic indicators of the Presidential decree of May 2018". 18.02.2018





0-14 лет 15-64 года 65 и более лет

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- Continuing research on the same themes
- Improving productivity
 - 20 (Q1/Q2) WoS articles instead of 17 in 2017-19
- Further strengthening of the scientific staff
 - Professor David A. Leon from the London School of Hygiene will join the Lab. One of the most prominent epidemiologists, highly creative and productive researcher with the Google Scholar h-index=79.
 - Make it sure that h-indices of all younger staff members increase
 - Further capacity building
 - 2 HSE-Ph.D. defenses
 - Continuation of our training/education activities, courses including methods of epidemiology. Intensive scientific exchanges with leading researchers and research organizations worldwide.
 - Two international conferences, seminar "Modern demography".





• Join the Max Planck Research School Ph.D. program

The PHDS school equips doctoral students not only with advanced knowledge of the theory and methods of demography and epidemiology (broadly defined as 'population health'), but also with strong technical skills in statistics, mathematical modeling, and computational and data management methods

Host the International Database on Longevity - the world leading data
resource on extreme longevity





 $2(P_{z*}^{i} / P_{z*})$ $2(P_{z*}^{2} / P_{z*})$

 $2(P_{i_1}^3 / P_{i_2})$



London School of Hygiene and Tropical Medicine Department of Epidemiology (UK)



Austrian Academy of Sciences Institute of Demography



Berkeley Department of Demography (USA)

Our network



Max Planck Institute for Demographic Research (Germany)

French National Institute for Demographic Research





United Nations Population Division









Russian National Statistical Service. Department of Population and Health